

PRABHA IAS IPS COACHING ACADEMY

GROUP I FINAL TEST 3

Duration – Three Hours

Total Marks – 300

IMPORTANT INSTRUCTIONS

1. This question booklet contains 200 questions. Before answering the questions, you are requested to check whether all the questions are printed serially and ensure that there are no blank pages in the question booklet.
2. Answer all the questions. All the questions carry equal marks.
3. You shall write and shade your answers with BLACK INK BALL POINT PEN.

1. Match:

- a) Young India – 1. Dadabhai Naoroji
- b) Satyarth Prakash – 2. Maulana Abul kalam azad
- c) Poverty and un-british rule in India – 3. Lala lajpat rai
- d) India wins freedom – 4. Swami dayanand saraswathi

a b c d

A) 4 2 1 3
B) 1 4 3 2
C) 3 1 2 4
D) 3 4 1 2

2. The prominent members of the bharat mata association were _

- a) Nilakanta brahmachari, G.Subramania iyer and srinivasa sastri
- b) Nilakanta brahmachari, sankara krishna iyer and vanchi iyer
- c) Nilakanta brahmachari, champakaraman pillai and vanchi iyer
- d) Nilakanta brahmachari, krishnaswami iyer and srinivasa sastri

3. The congress passed the Quit India resolution on 8 August, 1942 for the following reasons.

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- I. Failure of the cripps mission.
- II. Japanese forces moved towards India.
- III. Sympathy with japan.
- IV. To compel the british to accept the demand of Indians for independence.
- V. To support the soviet union.
- a) [I], [II] and [IV] are correct
- b) [I], [II], [III] and [IV] are correct
- c) [I], [II], [III] and [V] are correct
- d) [I], [II], [IV] and [V] are correct

4. Rabindranath tagore renounced his knighthood as a measure of protest after

- a) Punjab tragedy
- b) Defeat of germany in world war I
- c) The chauri-chaura incident
- d) Gandhiji's arrest

5. Mangal pandy refused to use the greased cartridge and shot down his sergeant a

- a) Vellore
- b) Barrackpore
- c) Cawnpore
- d) Meerut

6. Which one of the following is incorrectly Matched?

- a) Bhonsle - Nagpur
- b) Holkar - Indore
- c) Peshwa - Delhi
- d) Scindia - Gwalior

7. Which one of the following is incorrectly matched?

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- a) New army regulations - Velloremutini
- b) Sir john cradock - Commander - in-chief
- c) Lord william bentinck - Governor of madras
- d) 4th Regiment rose in revolt against - Colonel forbes

8. In India, the first agricultural research centre was started by

- a) Lord lytton
- b) Lord curzon
- c) Lord canning
- d) Lord ripon

9. Which of the following is/are wrong?

- I. Aligarh movement was led by sir syed ahmed khan
- II. Sir syed ahmed khan supported shuddi movement.
- III. Sir syed ahmed khan started anglo oriental college.

- a) [II] only
- b) [I] and [II]
- c) [I] and [III]
- d) [I], [II] and [III]

10. The phrase unity in diversity was coined by

- a) Subramaniya bharathiyar
- b) Subramaniya siva
- c) K.K. Pillai
- d) Jawaharlal Nehru

11. Which of the following confederates fought against tippu sultan in the third mysore war?

- a) Travancore Raja, Nizam of hyderabad and the english
- b) The english, marathas and the nawab of camatic
- c) The english, marathas and the nizam of hyderabad
- d) The english, nawab of carnatic and the nizam of hyderabad

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12. Which is wrongly matched among the following?

- a) Deccan Riots - 1875
- b) Mopla rebellion - 1922
- c) Santhals revolt - 1890
- d) Revolt in telungana - 1946-51

13. General dyer was killed by _____

- a) Bhagat singh
- b) Raja guru
- c) Utham singh
- d) Vanchinathan

14. Match:

- a) Herald of new age in India - 1. Swami dyananda saraswathy
- b) Martin luther of hinduism - 2. Annie besant
- c) New India -3. Ramakrishna mission
- d) Photovoltaic lighting system - 4. Rajaram mohan roy

a b c d

- A) 1 2 3 4
- B) 2 3 4 1
- C) 4 1 2 3
- D) 3 2 1 4

15. Consider the following statements. Select your answer from the codes given below:

- I. Lal, Pal Bal-were considered as the extremist Trio.
- II. Indian national anthem was written by Rabindranath tagore.
- III. The slogan inqlab zindabad was raised by bhagat singh
- IV. Annie Besant was the first Indian woman to preside over Indian national congress session in 1917

Which one of the above statements is not correct?

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- a) I
- b) II
- c) III
- d) IV

16. Match

- a) Abhinav bharat society – 1. Mira ghulam ahmed
- b) Indian association – 2. Bala gangadar tilak
- c) Shivaji movement – 3. Surendra nath banerjee
- d) Ahmadiya movement – 4. Ganesh damodar savarkar

a b c d

- A) 3 4 2 1
- B) 1 3 4 2
- C) 4 3 2 1
- D) 4 2 1 3

17. Identify the leader who uttered the following statement:

“I am not anti-english, I am not anti-british, I am not anti-any government, but I am anti untruth, anti-humbug and anti-injustice _____ so long as the government spells injustice it many regard me as its enemy implacable enemy_”

- a) Gopala krishna gokhale
- b) Bala gangadhara tilak
- c) M.K. Gandhi
- d) Jawaharlal nehru

18. Which national leader uttered the following statement?

“I am an Indian tom tom waking up all the sleepers so that they wake and work for their motherland.

- a) B.G. Thilak
- b) Gopala krishna gokhale
- c) Annie besant

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d) Jawaharlal Nehru

19. Choose the correct answer:

The Indian national army crossed the Indo-Burma frontier and planted the National tricolour flag on.

- a) 19th March 1944
- b) 20th April 1944
- c) 7th June 1945
- d) 10th July 1945

20. Dinabandhu Mitra's first play – exposed the atrocities of the British

indigo planters.

- a) Kulin Kulasarvasva
- b) Ratnavali
- c) Nil Darpan
- d) Ras-lila

21. Match:

- a) Sambad Kaumud – 1. Surendra Nath Banerjee
- b) Sarvajanik Sabha – 2. Bala Gangadhar Tilak
- c) The Bengalee – 3. Raja Ram Mohan Roy
- d) The Kesri – 4. Gopala Krishna Gokhale

a b c d

A) 4 1 3 2

B) 1 3 4 2

C) 3 4 2 1

D) 3 4 1 2

22. Match

- a) Ahmadya Movement - 1. Dayananda Saraswathi
- b) Prarthana Samaj – 2. Satyanand Agnihotri

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- c) Deva samaj - 3. Atma ram pandurang
- d) Arya samaj - 4. Mirza ghulam ahmed
- a b c d
- A) 4 2 1 3
- B) 3 2 4 1
- C) 4 3 2 1
- D) 2 4 1 3

23. Name the first english who visited the court of jahangir in 1608?

- a) Sir thomas stephan
- b) William hawkins
- c) Sir Thoman roe
- d) John milden

24. Who accused Indian naitonal congress of practising polities of prayer, petition and protest?

- a) Bipin chandra pal
- b) Lala lajpat rai
- c) Bala gangadhar tilak
- d) Subhash chandra bose

25. The journal started by devendranath tagore was

- a) Common weal
- b) India
- c) Tatvabodhini patrika
- d) Amrit bazaar

26. Which one of the following is correctly matched?

- a) Simon commission - C.R. Atlee
- b) Vedaranyam march - Tiruppur kumaran
- c) direct action day - Muslim league
- d) Cabinet misison - lord mountbatten

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27. The akali movement was an off shoot of which movement?

- a) Aligarh movement
- b) Singh sabha movement
- c) Parsi reform movement
- d) Theosophical movement

28. Who was the first president of all India trade union congress?

- a) Lala lajpat rai
- b) Jawaharlal nehru
- c) Subash chandra bose
- d) J.B. Kripalani

29. Match:

- a) Bombay Association - 1. Surendranath banerjee
- b) Indian association - 2. Shiv narayan agnihotri
- c) Servants of India society - 3. Dadabhai naoroji
- d) Deva samaj - 4. Gopala krishna gokhale

a b c d

A) 4 3 2 1

B) 4 1 2 3

C) 3 1 4 2

D) 2 1 4 3

30. Match:

- a) East India association 1866 - 1. Sisir kumar ghosh
- b) India league 1875 - 2. Ganesh vasudev joshi
- c) The poona sarva janik sabha 1867 - 3. Ananda mohan bose
- d) The Indian asociation 1876 - 4. Dadabhai naoroji

a b c d

A) 2 3 1 4

B) 4 1 2 3

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- C) 3 2 1 4
- D) 1 3 4 2

31. Match:

- I) Hindustan socialist republican party - a. Tilak
- II) Father of Indian unrest - b. Annie besant
- III) Commonweal - c. Bipin chandra pal
- IV) New India - d. Bhagat singh

- A) I-d, II-a, III-b, IV-c
- B) I-c, II-d, III-b, IV-a
- C) I-b, II-c, III-d, IV-a
- D) I-a, II-b, III-c, IV-d

32. Who made the famous declaration known as the deepavali declaration on october 31, 1929?

- a) Ramsay Mac donald
- b) Atlee
- c) Mr. Baldwin
- d) Lord irwin

33. Who was the president of all India state people conference during 1946-1947?

- a) Sardar vallabhai patel
- b) Pandit jawaharlal nehru
- c) Dr. Rajendra prasad
- d) V.P. Menon

34. Who among the following is called as grand old lady of Indian nationalism?

- a) Vijayalakshmi pandit
- b) Sarojini naidu
- c) Annie besant

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d) Ambujammal

35. Subash chandra bose set up Indian national army head quarters at

- a) Nepal and Rangoon
- b) Rangoon and Singapore
- c) Singapore and Tibet
- d) Tokyo and Nepal

36. Which of the following statement is not correct?

- a) Lord mount batten was made the first governor general of independent India
- b) Mohammad ali jinnah became the first governor general of pakistan
- c) On 15th Aug 1947 India became an independent state
- d) On 16th Aug 1947 Pakistan became an independent state

37. Whose birthday is celebrated national youth day in India?

- a) Raja Ram mohan Roy
- b) Swami Dayanand saraswati
- c) Keshav chandera sen
- d) Swami Vivekananda

38. Jinnah celebrated the resignation of congress ministry as a “Day of Deliverance” on

- a) 23 rd October, 1939
- b) 16th August, 1940
- c) 16th August, 1946
- d) 22nd December, 1939

39. “Plan Balkan” , regarding transfer of power was prepared by

- a) V.P. Menon
- b) Sardar Vallabhai patel
- c) Lord mountbatten

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d) Lord Atlee

40. Who wrote the book the glimpses of world history?

- a) Sarojini Naidu
- b) Mahatma Gandhi
- c) Subhas chandra bose
- d) Jawaharlal nehru

41. Which act empowered the crown to create a board of six commissioners for the affairs of India?

- a) Pitt' s India Act
- b) Regulating Act
- c) Charter Act of 1793
- d) Charter Act of 1813

42. Who was the president of the congress during surat split between the Moderates and the Extremists?

- a) Rash Bihari Gosh
- b) Pheroze Shah
- c) M.M. Malviya
- d) Gopal Krishna Gokhale

43. The creator of Indian civil service is

- a) Cornwallis
- b) Dalhousie
- c) Warren hastings
- d) Wellesley

44. The british cabinet mission which came to India in march 1946 did not have as its member

- a) Lord pentick lawrence
- b) Sir Stafford cipps

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- c) A.V. Alexander
- d) Campbell johnson

45. Who was the founder of Sikhism?

- a) Guru govind
- b) Guru nanak
- c) Guru Arjun
- d) None of them

46. Who was the first to adopt the title of sultan?

- a) Mahmud of ghazni
- b) Aibak
- c) Iltutmish
- d) Balban

47. The slogan raised by gandhiji during the quit India movement is

- a) Delhi chalo
- b) Vande mataram
- c) Jai hind
- d) Do or die

48. Who announced the august offer?

- a) Linlithgow
- b) Wavell
- c) Rippon
- d) Dufferin

49. Who committed the most daring murder in 1907 of sir curzon wyllie at a public meeting in london

- a) B.N. Datta
- b) M.L. Dhingra
- c) Sardar ajitsingh

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d) S.C. Chatterjee

50. Mahaadev govind ranade was a member of the

- a) Arya samaj
- b) Prarthana samaj
- c) India league
- d) Theosophical society

51. The headquarters of the gadar partywas at

- a) Mpscown
- b) Berlin
- c) San francisco
- d) Karachi

52. Who gave the title 'Mahatma' to Gandhiji?

- a)Jawaharlal Nehru
- b)Motilal Nehru
- c)Rabindranath Tagore
- d)Subhash Chandra Bose

53. The Indian Independence bill was brought in the House of Commons on

- a)22nd June, 1947
- b)4th June, 1947
- c)4th July, 1947
- d)15th August, 1947

54. Which of the following statements is/are not relevant to GandhiIrwin pact?

- I. Government agreed to withdraw the repressive ordinances
- II. Government agreed to release satyagraha prisoners
- III. Congress agreed to participate in the third round table conference

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IV. Gandhi agreed to suspend the civil disobedience movement

- a)II and III
- b)I only
- c)II and IV
- d)III only

55. Point out the correct event/ given below in which Lala Lajpat Rai received severe lathi blows and died because of that

- a)Non cooperation movement
- b)Agitations against simon commission
- c)Civil disobedience movement
- d)Quit India movement

56. Which of the following statements about Individual satyagraha are true?

- I. It was launched in october 1940
- II. Failure of the cripps mission was the immediate cause for starting it
- III. Vinoba Bhave led the movement
- IV. The satyagrahis from Tamil Nadu went to Delhi to join the movement

- a)I, II and III are true
- b)I, III and IV are true
- c)II, III and IV are true
- d)II and III are true

57. Who among the following were Indian Freedom Fighters outside India?

- I. Lakshmi Swaminathan
- II. Aruna Asaf Ali
- III. Madam Cama
- IV. Usha Mehta

- a)I and II

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- b)II and III
- c)I and IV
- d)I and II

58. Who among the following were the prominent workers of the congress radio station named 'Voice of Freedom' started in 1942?

- I. Usha Mehta
- II. Ram Manohar Lohia
- III. Kalpana Dutta
- IV. Aruna Asaf Ali

- a)I, II and IV
- b)II , III and IV
- c)I and II
- d)III and IV

59. Consider the following pairs, which of the following pair is/are correct?

- I. Sir Charles Wood' s Despatch - 1854
- II. Hunter commission - 1884
- III. University Act - 1904
- IV. Madras University - 1835

- a)I and III
- b)II and IV
- c)I and II
- d)III and IV

60. Gandhiji found the sabarmati ashram in

- a) 1900
- b) 1910
- c) 1915
- d) 1918

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61. who invited Nehru to form the interim government?

- a) Attlee
- b) Churchill
- c) Mountbatten
- d) Wavell

62. Who introduced ryotwari system in Tamil Nadu?

- a) sir thomas monroe
- b) Elphinstone
- c) Robert clive
- d) Lord cornwallis

63. Choose the correct statement:

- a) Kashi central hindu collage was established in 1891
- b) Aligarh movement was started by muhammed ali jinnah
- c) Aligarh muslim university was established in 1920
- d) Visvabharati university was started by devendranath tagore

64. Which one of the following is not correctly matched?

- a) Bhagat singh - Delhi chalo
- b) Dayanand saraswati - “Go back to vedas”
- c) Gandhiji - Untouchability is a crime
- d) Nehru - Long years ago we have made tryst with destiny

65. Which one of the following is false?

- a) Arya samaj - Dayananda saraswati
- b) Brahma samaj - Raja rammohan roy
- c) Deva samaj - Agnihotri
- d) Prarthana samaj - Vivekananda

66. Indian Penal code was created by

- a) Dr. Ambedkar

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- b) Mountbatten
- c) Lord macaulay
- d) Warren hastings

67. The british queen who had has darbar in India was

- a) Elizabeth
- b) Queen anne
- c) Victoria
- d) Margaret

68. Prime Minister of England who gave independence to India was

- a) Churchill
- b) McDonald
- c) Chamberlain
- d) Lord attlee

69. Consider the following statements:

- I. Sardar vallabhai patel integrated the Indian states
- II. He was called as the iron man of India
- III. He was also called as the Indian bismarck
- IV. He was the first education minister of India

- a) I, II and Iv are correct
- b)I and IV are correct
- c) I, II and III are correct
- d) I alone is correct

70. The capital of Mysore during Tippu Sultan' s rule was

- a)Hyderabad
- b)Bangalore
- c)Thane
- d)Srirangapatnam

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71. "Swaraj is my birth right" was the slogan of

- a) Mahatma Gandhi
- b) Nehru
- c) Tilak
- d) Gokhale

72. Mountbatten plan specifies

- a) Partition of India
- b) Separate Electorate
- c) Dyarchy
- d) Constituent Assembly

73. Who were the two Governor generals of Indian union?

- a) Lord Wellington and Lord Linlithgow
- b) Lord Louis Mountbatten and C. Rajagopalachari
- c) Lord Louis Mountbatten and Lord Wellington
- d) Lord Louis Mountbatten and Lord Linlithgow

74. Who among the following is associated with the Chittagong armoury raid?

- a) Bhagat Singh
- b) Chandrasekhar Azad
- c) Sachindranath Sanyal
- d) Surya Sen

75. Whose name is associated with the famous fourteen points made in 1929?

- a) Motilal Nehru
- b) M.A. Jinnah
- c) Jawaharlal Nehru
- d) Sardar Patel

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76. Give me blood I promise you freedom are the words of

- a) M.A. Jinnah
- b) S.C. Bose
- c) Sardar Patel
- d) Bhagat Singh

77. At which place was Chandra Sekhar Azad shot dead by the British police?

- a) Kanpur
- b) Allahabad
- c) Lucknow
- d) Amritsar

78. Which of the following was not a precursor of the 1857 revolt?

- a) Khasi rising
- b) Sanyasi revolt
- c) Ulgulan
- d) Farazi revolt

79. Who was Nana Saheb's commander in chief?

- a) Tantia Tope
- b) Azimullah
- c) Khan Bahadur
- d) Bakht Khan

80. The Moplah rebellion of 1921 broke out in

- a) Assam
- b) Kerala
- c) Punjab
- d) Bengal

81. Who annexed Awadh for British Empire?

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- a) Canning
- b) Delhousie
- c) Lawrence
- d) Curzon

82. The viceroy to be assassinated in India was

- a) Lord hardinge
- b) Lord northbrooke
- c) Lord ellenborought
- d) Lord mayo

83. The kuka movement was founded in

- a) Madras
- b) Uttar pradesh
- c) Punjab
- d) Bihar

84. The first satyagraha campaign of gandhiji was started in

- a) Champaran
- b) Bardoli
- c) Dandi
- d) Baroda

85. Bombay triumuirate was applied for

- a) B.G. Tilak, G.G. Agarkar and G.H. Deshmukh
- b) B.G. Tilak, G.K. Gokhale and M.B. Namjoshi
- c) Feroz shah mehta, K.T.Telong and badruddin tyabji
- d) K.T. Telang, R.G. Bandarkar and dadabhai naoroji

86. Which of the following associations had its base in London?

- a) East India association
- b) British India association

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- c) Indian association
- d) None of these

87. The age of consent act was passed in

- a) 1829
- b) 1886
- c) 1883
- d) 1891

88. The Rama krishna mission was started in bengal by

- a) Vivekananda
- b) Ramakrishna paramahamsa
- c) Group of young educated bengalis
- d) None of them

89. The servants of Indian society was founded in 1950 by

- a) Gopala krishna gokhale
- b) A.O. Hume
- c) Bal Gangadhar tilak
- d) Mahatma Gandhi

90. Consider the following statements

Annie besant,

- I.Started the home rule movement
- II. Advocated the boycott of foreign goods
- III. was for national education
- Iv. Was the editor of swadeshimitrani

- a) I and II are correct
- b) I, II and III are correct
- c) All are correct
- d) I and IV are correct

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91. Match:

- A]Agriculture, forestry and fishery - 1. Unorganised sector
- b) Mining, manufacturing, electricity gas and water supply - 2. Service sector
- c) Trade, transport and communication - 3. Secondary sector
- d) Unincorporated enterprises and household industries - 4. Primary sector

a b c d

A) 1 2 3 4

B) 4 3 2 1

C) 2 4 1 3

D) 3 4 1 2

92. When was targeted public distribution system introduced?

- a) 1977
- b) 1987
- c) 1997
- d) 2007

93. The food for work programme was restructured and renamed as

- a) Integrated rural development programme [IRDP]
- b) Drought prone area programme [DPAP]
- c) Rural landless employment guarantee programme [RLEP]
- d) National rural employment programme [NREP]

94. Fiscal deficit=

- a) Budget deficit + market borrowings and liabilities
- b) Primary deficit + interest payment
- c) Total receipts - total expenditure
- d) None of the above

95. Expenditure tax in India was introduced by

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- a) T.T. Krishnamachari
- b) C.Rajagopalachari
- c) Yashwant sinha
- d) R. Venkatraman

96. Which of the following is/are recommended for reducing inflation?

- I. Demand management measures
- II. Supply management measures
- III. Adjustment in trade and tariff policies

- a) I only
- b) I and II
- c) I, II and III
- d) III only

97. Which of the following is correctly matched?

- I] Dual price – Govt. And private prices
- II] PDS – consumer protection
- III] administered price – controlled price
- IV] fiscal policy – bank administration

- a) I only
- b) iI only
- c) I, II and III
- d) IV only

98. Which of the following is/are wrong?

- I] kisan credit cards for short term credit to farmers
- II] micro-finance for self-help group [SHGs]
- III] comprehensive crop insurance scheme was started at 1985
- IV] NABARD provides loan for housing sector

- a) I only
- b) II only
- c) III only

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d) IV only

99. Match:

- a) Disinvestment – 1. Foreign firms
- b) MNC – 2. Selling of Govt. shares
- c) BOP [Balance of payment] – 3. Planning commission
- d) Dr. N.J. Kurian – 4. Foreign trade

a b c d

A) 2 4 1 3

B) 2 3 1 4

C) 2 1 4 3

D) 2 4 3 1

100. Match:

- a) Rice production – 1. Punjab and haryana
- b) Wheat production – 2. Coorg and nilgiris
- c) Jute production – 3. Uttar pradesh and west bengal
- d) Coffee plants – 4. West bengal and assam

a b c d

A) 1 2 4 3

B) 2 1 4 3

C) 1 3 4 2

D) 3 1 4 2

101. Devaluation is a measure of monetary authority:

Which of the following item does match the below statement?

- a) To reduce the foreign value of the domestic currency mainly to increase exports
- b) To increase money supply
- c) To increase the current account deficit
- d) To contain inflation

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102. Choose the following item that does not comprise under food subsidy in India

- a) Subsidies to farmers through support price
- b) Subsidies to consumers through public distribution system
- c) Subsidies to the food corporation of India
- d) Subsidies to fertilizer

103. Disinvestment will not result in

- I] Releasing of public resources
- II] Reducing public debt
- III] Decreasing privatisation
- IV] increasing employment

- a) I and II only
- b) III only
- c) IV only
- d) II and III only

104. Inflationary gap was introduced by

- a) J.M. Keynes
- b) MArshall
- c) J.R. Hicks
- d) Fisher

105. Match:

- a) Mining – 1. Industry
- b) Construction – 2. Service
- c) Real estate – 3. Agriculture

- a b c
- A) 3 1 2
- B) 2 1 3
- C) 2 3 1
- D) 1 3 2

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106. The monopolies and restrictive trade practices [MRTP] act 1969 was replaced by which act?

- a) New industrial policy act 1991
- b) Foreign exchange management act, 2000
- c) Competition act, 2002
- d) Foreign direct investment act, 2005

107. Narrow definition of money supply is

- a) m1
- b) m2
- c) m3
- d) m4

108. The concept of sustainable development was developed by

- a) UNDP report
- b) World development report
- c) IMF report
- d) Brundtland report

109. Foreign investment takes the form of:

- I] foreign direct investment
- II] foreign portfolio investment
- III] foreign development assistance
- IV] foreign loans

- a) I and II
- b) II and III
- c) III and IV
- d) I and IV

110. Match:

- a) Mid day meal scheme - 1. 2006

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- b) Implementation of NREGA - 2. 1995
- c) Cash reserve ratio - 3. Finance commission
- d Divisible taxes - 4. Reserve bank of India

a b c d

A) 1 2 3 4

B) 2 1 4 3

C) 4 2 3 1

D) 3 4 1 2

111. Human resource development is related with

- a) Agricultural and allied sectors
- b) trad and commerce
- c) Education and training
- d) banking and finance

112. Fiat money is:

- a) One rupee notes issued by the government of India
- b) Notes issued by the RBI
- c) Notes issued by the commercial banks
- d) All of these

113. Match:

- a) P.K. Bardhan - 1. Poverty gap
- b) Dandekar and Rath consumption - 2. Per capital annual expenditure of rural poor
- c) B.S. Minhas - 3. Agricultural labour price index
- d) Garner dut and Martin ravillion - 4. 2,250 calories as minimum level of desired nutrition

a b c d

A) 4 3 2 1

B) 3 4 2 1

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- C) 3 4 1 2
- D) 4 3 1 2

114. Which one of the following is the largest service industry in the world?

- a) Food processing
- b) Bank
- c) Insurance
- d) Tourism

115. Which one of the following programmes is related to employment generation?

- a) Sarva swasthya abhiyan
- b) Sarva shikshan abhiyan
- c) Swarna jayanti gram swarozgar yojana
- d) Indira awaas yojana

116. Per capita income rises when

- a) GNP and population increase at the same time
- b) GNP and population decrease
- c) GNP increases faster than population
- d) GNP increases slower than population

117. Kutir jothi scheme is related to

- a) Farmers
- b) Industrial workers
- c) Single point electricity connection to households
- d) Electricity connection to industrial units

118. Agricultural unemployment may be classified into:

- I] Seasonal unemployment
- II] Disguised unemployment
- III] chronic unemployment

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Which is the correct answer?

- a)I and II only
- b) II and IIIonly
- c) I and III only
- d) I, II and III

119.Match:

- a)Tax revenue – 1. Provident founds
- b) Capital receipts – 2. Taxes on income and expenditure
- c) Non-plan expenditure – 3. Sales tax
- d) Value added tax – Interest payments

a b c d

A) 4 3 2 1

B) 1 3 4 2

C) 2 1 4 3

D) 2 3 4 1

120. Justice D.P. Wadhwa committee was appointed by the supreme court to examine

- a) Insurance scheme
- b) The level of black money in the country
- c) The functioning of rural development programmes
- d) The public distribution system

121. Indradhanush introduced by the central government in august 2015 aims at:

- a) Establishing a separate ombudsman for private sector banks
- b) Reviving or revampingpublic sector banks
- c)Reviving non-banking financial institutions
- d) Introducing new banks in rural India

122. For the calculaiton of national income in India, ‘Electricity, Gas

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and water supply is included under which sector

- a) Agriculture
- b) Industry
- c) Service
- d) None of these

123. The term fragmentation refers to

- a) Scattered landholding
- b) Further division of land into small units
- c) Land which is not used for cultivation
- d) Land which is used for cultivation

124. Which of the following is not a method of estimating national income?

- a) Expenditure method
- b) Output method
- c) Matrix method
- d) Income method

125. NITI AAYOG was established in the year

- a) January 1, 2014
- b) December 25, 2014
- c) January 1, 2015
- d) May 30, 2014

126. Bharat Nirman was started to unlock the development potential of

- a) Indian bond market
- b) Public sector undertakings
- c) Urban India
- d) Rural India

127. Match:

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- a) Nirmal bharat abhiyan – 1. Ruralroads
- b) Pradhan mantri gram sadak yojana – 2. To provide minimum basic infrastructure to all habitations
- c) rural infrastruturescheme -3. Rural sanitation
- d)Tamilnadu habitation improvement scheme – 4. To stabilise the assets created under MGNREGS

a b c d

A) 3 1 4 2

B) 1 3 2 4

C) 4 1 3 2

D) 2 4 1 3

128. The first demographer was

- a) T.R. Malthus
- b) Adam smith
- c) J.S. mill
- d) Karl Marx

129. The difference between NNP and NDP

- a) Depreciation
- b) Current transfers from rest of the world
- c) Indirect tax
- d) Net factor income from abroad

130. Who advocated tax on expenditure?

- a) Bimaljalan
- b) N.Kalder
- c) Kenneth Arrow
- d) Paul Samuelson

131. Who was the chairman of 1st finance commission?

- a)V. Carnot

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- b) S.Benjamin
- c) K.C. Neogy
- d) H.T. Riyog

132. Which industry is called mother industry?

- a) Textile industry
- b) Cotton industry
- c) Iron and steel industry
- d) Sugar industry

133. Agriculture production means

- a) National total production of agriculture
- b) The ratio between input and output
- c) The addition of input and output
- d) All states and union territories total production

134. Poverty has been defined as

- a) Lack adequate saving
- b) Lack of adequate education
- c) Lack of adequate health
- d) Lack of adequate income

135. Physiocrates means

- a) Rule of nature
- b) Artificial law
- c) Legal law
- d) Produciton law

136. Which one is not a factor influencing population?

- a) Birth rate
- b) Death rate
- c) Migration

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d) Poverty

137. The term HRIDAY relates to

- a) Urban development
- b) Farmer development
- c) Educational development
- d) Poverty eradication

138. Under whose chairmanship the reserve bank of India recently constituted a high powered committee to study the urban cooperative banks?

- a) C.Ramgarajan
- b) Yashwant sinha
- c) Raghuram rajan
- d) R. Gandhi

139) Which one is called fourth sector?

- a) Agricultural sector
- b) Information sector
- c) Industrial sector
- d) Service sector

140. Which type of unemployment is common in Indian agriculture?

- a) Structural unemployment
- b) Seasonal unemployment
- c) Cyclinal unemployment
- d) Technical unemployment

141. Match:

- a) Inflation – 1. Controlled inflation
- b) Deflation – 2. Money supply increases
- c) Stagflation – 3. Money supply decreases

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d) Reflation – 4. Rise in price without growth

a b c d

A) 4 1 2 3

B) 1 2 3 4

C) 2 3 4 1

D) 3 4 1 2

142. The basic function of an economy is

a) Consumption

b) Production

c) Investment

d) All These

143. Black money refers to

a) Paper money which is black in colour

b) Money earning from business

c) Unaccounted money

d) None of these

144. Dunkel proposal is related to

a) Patent right

b) Fundamental right

c) Human right

d) None of these

145. Match:

a) Adam Smith – 2. Rent

b) Marshal - Employment

c) Ricardo – 3. Wealth

d) Keynes – 4. Equilibrium

a b c d

A) 1 2 3 4

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- B) 2 1 4 3
- C) 4 2 1 3
- D) 3 4 1 2

146. Which of the following is not a direct tax?

- a) Income tax
- b) Wealth tax
- c) Sales tax
- d) Estate duty

147. Which one of the following is correctly matched?

- a) Adam Smith – Wealth
- b) Marshall – Scarcity
- c) Robbins - Welfare
- d) Samuelson – Production

148. Match:

- a) Exim bank – 1. 1970
- b) Industrial policy – 2. Export and import bank
- c) Population policy - 1956
- d) Industrial licensing policy – 1976

a b c d

- A) 2 3 4 1
- B) 3 2 1 4
- C) 2 3 1 4
- D) 3 1 2 4

149. Consider the following statements:

- I] population growth increases per capital income.
- II] population growth results in mass unemployment
- III] Population growth would be an obstacle to economic development
- IV] population growth increases the standard of living

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- a) I, alone is correct
- b) II and IV are correct
- c) II and III are correct
- d) I, II and III are correct

150. Indian economy is

- a) Capitalistic economy
- b) Socialistic economy
- c) Mixed economy
- d) None of these

151. Developing countries rely on industry

- a) To grow rapidly
- b) To train labour and absorb it into high paying jobs
- c) For reasons of security and national pride
- d) For all these

152. Per capita income rises when

- a) GNP and population both increase at the same rate
- b) GNP and population both remain constant
- c) GNP increases faster than population
- d) GNP increases slower than population

153. A closed economy is the one which

- a) Does not permit emigration
- b) Does not permit immigration
- c) Does not permit foreign trade
- d) Does not permit domestic trade

154. Which one of the following is correctly matched?

- a) Rabinson – Population theory
- b) Malthus – Economic theory

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- c) Adam smith – Father of economics
- d) Karl Marx – A famous economist

155. What is deficit financing?

- a) Expenditure exceeding the revenue
- b) The means of financing the deficit
- c) Revenue exceeding the expenditure
- d) None of these

156. The main proposal of dunkel draft with reference to agriculture is

- a) reduction in agricultural subsidy
- b) Introduction of modern methods of cultivation
- c) Promotion of agricultural marketing
- d) None of these

157. Rural poverty is due to

- a) Lack of adequate employment
- b) Surplus labour
- c) Low wage rate
- d) All of these

158. Mixed economy means

- a) Private sector and public sector functioning together.
- b) production by the private sector alone
- c) Means of production under government control
- d) Traditional social activities

159. Tax revenue is distributed between the central and state government by the

- a) Planning commission
- b) Election commission
- c) Finance commission

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d) Public accounts committee

160. Indian agriculture is at present

- a) Commercial
- b) Industrial
- c) Export surplus
- d) Self sufficient with little surplus

161. India is a member of which of the following?

- a) Asian development bank
- b) Asia-pacific economic corporation
- c) Colombo plan
- d) Organisation for economic co-operation and development

162. The first special economic zone created in Tamil Nadu is in

- a) Coimbatore
- b) Chennai
- c) Madurai
- d) Salem

163. SARFAESI act was introduced for the purpose of

- a) Controlling stock exchange
- b) Regulating capital markets
- c) Streamlining the financial system
- d) Enabling the banks to realise their views

164. What is broad money?

- a) Currency with public + demand deposits of the public
- b) Currency with public + post office saving deposits
- c) Currency with public + time deposits of public with banks + demand deposits
- d) Currency with public + derived deposits

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165. Disposable income is equal to

- a) Personal income minus subsidies
- b) Personal income minus taxe
- c) personal income minus transfer payment
- d) National income minus depreciation

166. In money supply $M3=M1 +$

- a) Net time deposits of banks
- b) Total deposits with Post office savings bank
- c) Net demand deposits of banks
- d) None of these

167. Inflation is most often caused by

- A] Supply side forces increase costs to producers
- b) Demand side forces which depress the level of consumer spending
- c) Rapid expansion of money supply
- d) Unreasonable wage demands by labour unions

168. The non-tax revenue of the central government does not include

- a) Fiscal services
- b) Dividend and profits
- c) Economic services
- d) Customs duties

169. The product method of measuring GDP involves

- a) Income generated from the production of goods and services
- b) Adding up the value of everything produced in the country during the year
- c) Adding up all expenditures of final output
- d) none of the above

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170. Deflation refers to a condition of _ prices

- a) Falling
- b) Rising
- c) Constant
- d) Moderate

171. What is 'Synuclein alpha (SNCA)', recently mentioned in the news?

- a) Protein
- b) Bacteria
- c) Invasive weed
- d) Mineral

172. What is 'Nephrotic syndrome', recently seen in news?

- a) A liver disorder
- b) A heart disorder
- c) A kidney disorder
- d) A lung disorder

173. Department of Higher Education recently signed an MoU with which organization for creating the Digital Library Platform, Rashtriya e-Pustakalaya?

- a) Central Board of Secondary Education
- b) National Book Trust
- c) National Library Association
- d) Ministry of Culture

174. Barsana Biogas Project, which was seen in the news, is situated in which state?

- a) Rajasthan
- b) Uttar Pradesh
- c) Madhya Pradesh
- d) Tamil Nadu

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175. Naegleria fowleri, which was seen in the news, affects which part of the body?

- a) Lungs
- b) Brain
- c) Liver
- d) Intestine

176. RATIONS Trail, which was seen in the news, is associated with which disease?

- a) Cancer
- b) Tuberculosis
- c) COVID-19
- d) Diabetes

177. Pollination by which among the following is called as ornithophily?

- a) Rodents
- b) Aquatic animals
- c) Ants
- d) Birds

178. Nyoma airfield, which was seen in the news, is located in which state/UT?

- a) West Bengal
- b) Ladakh
- c) Gujarat
- d) Punjab

179. The Sargasso Sea is located in

- a) South Indian Ocean
- b) North Atlantic Ocean
- c) North Indian Ocean

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d) South Atlantic Ocean

180. Which of the following were associated with the celebration of 'Azadi Ka Amrit Mahotsav'?

- (A) Aage Badho
- (B) Jan Bhagidari
- (C) Joi Ho Tiranga
- (D) Hor Ghar Tiranga
- (E) Badhe Chalo

Choose the correct answer:

- 1) A, B & E only
- 2) A, C & D only
- 3) B, D & E only
- 4) A, B, C, D & E only

181. Find x if $45\% \text{ of } x + 30\% \text{ of } 90 = 30\% \text{ of } 120$

- a) 30 b) 45 c) 20 d) 25

Directions for the following 4 (Four) items:

Examine carefully the following statements and answer four items that follow:

- (i) A and B play Football and Hockey
- (ii) C and D play Badminton and Cricket
- (iii) B and C play Cricket and Football
- (iv) A and D play Hockey and Badminton

182. One who plays Badminton, Football and Hockey

- (a) A (b) B
- (c) C (d) D

183. One who plays Badminton, Football and Cricket

- (a) A (b) B

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(c) C (d) D

184. One who plays Cricket, Football and Hockey

- (a) A (b) B
- (c) C (d) D

185. One who does not play cricket

- (a) A (b) B
- (c) C (d) D

186. If

- (i) M is brother of N;
- (ii) B is brother of N; and
- (iii) M is brother of D,

Then which of the following statements is definitely true?

- a) N is brother of B
- b) N is brother of D
- c) M is brother of B
- d) D is brother of M

187. A train moves at a constant speed of 120 km/hr for 1 km and at 40 km/hr for the next 1 km. What is the average speed of the train?

- a) 48 kmph
- b) 50 kmph
- c) 80 kmph
- d) 60 kmph

188. A can do a piece of work in 20 days and B can do it in 15 days and C can finish it in 25 days, then how long will they take to complete the work?

- a) $6(18/47)$ days
- b) 12 days

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- c) $2(8/11)$ days
- d) $47(6/18)$ days

189. Nishu and Archana can do a piece of work in 10 days and Nishu alone can do it in 12 days. In how many days can Archana do it alone?

- a) 60 days
- b) 30 days
- c) 50 days
- d) 45 days

190. A and B undertake to do a piece of work for Rs.100. A can do it in 5 days and B can do it in 10 days. With the help of C, they finish it in 2 days. How much C should be paid for his contribution?

- a) Rs.40
- b) Rs. 20
- c) Rs. 60
- d) Rs. 30

191. The product of two co-prime numbers is 117. Their LCM should be

- a) 1
- b) 117
- c) $1/117$
- d) None of these

192. Find the simple interest on Rs.1000 from April 9, 2010 to June 9, 2010 at $7 \frac{1}{2} \%$ per annum.

- a) Rs.12.74
- b) Rs.12.50
- c) Rs.13.07
- d) Rs.13.50

193. Simplify: $4 - [6 - \{12 - (10 - 8 + 6)\}]$

- a) 4
- b) 2
- c) 6
- d) 8

194. The difference in compound interest and simple interest on a certain amount at 10% per annum at the end of the third year is Rs.930. The principal amount is

- a) Rs.20,000
- b) Rs.25,000
- c) Rs.30,000
- d) Rs.30,500

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195. The greatest number of 4 digit which is divisible by 20, 25, 60 and 100

- a) 2000 b) 4000 c) 5000 d) 6000

196. If A lends Rs.3,500 to B at 10% per annum in simple interest, and B lends the same to C at 11.5% per annum in simple interest, then find the gain of B in a period of 3 years.

- a) Rs.154.50 b) Rs.155.50 c) Rs.156.50 d) Rs.157.50

197. Three numbers are in the ratio 1:2:3. Their highest common factor is 12. Find the numbers.

- a) 12, 24, 36
- b) 24, 48, 72
- c) 12, 24, 48
- d) 48, 60, 72

198. If $P = 9$ then the value of $P(P^2 + 3P + 3)$ is equal to

- a) 9 b) 99 c) 999 d) 9999

199. A person invests a total of Rs.2, 600 in three different investment plans which gives the return at 4%, 6% and 8% simple interest. At the end of a year, if the interests got in all the three plans are the same the money he invested in the first plan (which gives 4% interest) is

- a) Rs.200 b) Rs.600 c) Rs.800 d) Rs.1200

200. The LCM of two numbers is 48. The numbers are in the ratio 2:3 the sum of the numbers is

- a) 35 b) 40 c) 60 d) 111



ANSWER KEY:

1	D	41	A	81	B	121	B	161	C
2	B	42	A	82	D	122	B	162	B
3	A	43	A	83	C	123	B	163	D
4	A	44	D	84	A	124	C	164	A
5	B	45	B	85	C	125	C	165	B
6	C	46	C	86	A	126	D	166	A
7	D	47	D	87	D	127	A	167	C
8	B	48	A	88	A	128	A	168	D
9	A	49	B	89	A	129	D	169	B
10	D	50	B	90	B	130	B	170	A
11	C	51	C	91	B	131	C	171	A
12	C	52	C	92	C	132	C	172	C
13	C	53	C	93	D	133	B	173	B
14	C	54	D	94	A	134	D	174	B
15	D	55	B	95	A	135	A	175	B
16	C	56	B	96	C	136	D	176	B
17	C	57	A	97	C	137	A	177	D
18	C	58	C	98	D	138	D	178	B
19	A	59	A	99	C	139	B	179	C
20	C	60	C	100	D	140	B	180	D



21	D	61	D	101	A	141	C	181	C
22	C	62	A	102	D	142	D	182	A
23	B	63	C	103	C	143	C	183	C
24	C	64	A	104	A	144	A	184	B
25	C	65	D	105	A	145	D	185	A
26	C	66	C	106	C	146	C	186	C
27	B	67	C	107	A	147	A	187	D
28	A	68	D	108	D	148	A	188	A
29	C	69	C	109	A	149	C	189	A
30	B	70	D	110	B	150	C	190	A
31	A	71	C	111	C	151	A	191	B
32	D	72	A	112	A	152	C	192	A
33	B	73	B	113	B	153	C	193	B
34	C	74	D	114	D	154	C	194	C
35	B	75	B	115	C	155	A	195	D
36	D	76	B	116	C	156	A	196	D
37	D	77	B	117	C	157	D	197	A
38	D	78	C	118	D	158	A	198	C
39	C	79	A	119	C	159	C	199	D
40	D	80	B	120	D	160	D	200	B